



CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

No. 7831 of 1985-86

ता..... का. सं.....

I hereby certify that **ASHUTOSH FIBRE PRIVATE LIMITED** is this day incorporated under the companies Act. 1956 (No.1 of 1956) and that the Company is Limited.

मैं एतद्वारा प्रमाणित करता हूँ कि आज _____

कम्पनी अधिनियम 1956 (1956 का १) के अधीन निगमित की गई है और यह कम्पनी परिसीमित है।

मेरे हस्ताक्षर से आज ता. _____ को दिया गया।

Given under my hand at **AHMEDABAD** this **TWENTY FIRST** day of **MAY** one thousand nine hundred and **EIGHTY FIVE**.

Sd/-

V. Y. RANE

Asstt. Registrar of Companies

कम्पनियों का रजिस्टार, गुजरात

GUJARAT



Siddharth



**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS**

Central Processing Centre
Plot No. 6,7, 8, Sector 5, IMT Manesar, Manesar, Haryana, India, 122050

Certificate of Incorporation Consequent upon conversion to public company

Corporate Identity Number: U24299GJ1985PLC007831

IN THE MATTER OF ASHUTOSH FIBRE PRIVATE LIMITED

I hereby certify that ASHUTOSH FIBRE PRIVATE LIMITED which was originally incorporated on TWENTY FIRST day of MAY NINETEEN EIGHTY FIVE under Companies Act, 1956 as ASHUTOSH FIBRE PRIVATE LIMITED and upon an intimation made for conversion into public company under Section 18 of the Companies Act, 2013; and approval of Central Government signified in writing having been accorded thereto by the ROC, CPC vide SRN AB3210064 dated 16/04/2025 the name of the said company is this day changed to ASHUTOSH FIBRE LIMITED

Given under my hand at ROC, CPC this TWENTY FIRST day of APRIL TWO THOUSAND TWENTY FIVE

Document certified by *.mca.gov.in.

Digitally signed by

*.mca.gov.in

Date: 2025.04.21 10:32:36 IST

Sunidhi Matroja

Assistant Registrar of Companies/ Deputy Registrar of Companies/ Registrar of Companies

Central Processing Centre

Note: The corresponding form has been approved by Sunidhi Matroja, Assistant Registrar of Companies/ Deputy Registrar of Companies/ Registrar of Companies and this letter has been digitally signed by the Registrar through a system generated digital signature under rule 9(2) of the Companies (Registration Offices and Fees) Rules, 2014

Mailing Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office:

ASHUTOSH FIBRE LIMITED

111-New Cloth Market Raipur, NA, Ahmedabad, Ahmedabad- 380002, Gujarat



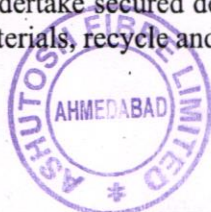
THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013
[COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES]
MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
OF
ASHUTOSH FIBRE LIMITED

The following regulations comprised in these Memorandum of Association were adopted pursuant to members' resolution passed at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 29th day of July 2024 in substitution for, and to the entire exclusion of, the earlier regulations comprised in the extant Memorandum of Association of the Company.

- I. The name of the company is "**ASHUTOSH FIBRE LIMITED**".
- II. The Registered office of the company will be situated in the state of Gujarat.
- III. The objects for which the Company is established are:

[A] THE MAIN OBJECTS TO BE PURSUED BY THE COMPANY ON ITS INCORPORATION ARE:

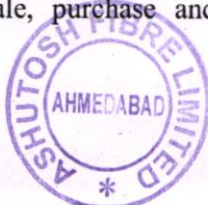
1. To carry on the business as manufacturers, dealers, importers, exporters, agents, spinners, weavers, finishers and designers of raffia tapes, films woven sacks, fishing nets ropes carpets, cloths and other products required in or used for industrial, commercial, agricultural and other domestic purposes and made from polypropylene, polythene, jute, cotton coir and other natural and synthetic fibers, strips and materials and substitute thereof.
2. To carry on the business as manufacturers, spinners, weavers, laminators, printers, designers stickers, importers, exporters, dealers, Stockist, job workers, suppliers, whole-sellers, traders , retailers, buyers, sellers, merchants, distributors, commission agents, concessionaires of commercial, industrial and domestic plastic and plastic products of any nature substance and from and of any raw material including sterene , polystyrene , vinyl, chloride poly vinyl , polyethylene , poly propylene, polyolefins, vinly-acetate and copolymers, and other allied materials acrylics ,polyesters poly carbonates & polyether's and epoxy resins and compositions , silicon resins, and compositions P.F; U.F and other thermoplastic molding compositions including prefabricated sections and shapes, cellulosic plastic and other thermosetting and thermoplastic materials of synthetic and natural origin, coloring material , plastic and resinous material adhesive composition raffia tapes , films ,woven sacks fishing nets , ropes , carpets clothes required in or used for packing , industrial, commercial agricultural and domestic purpose and made from polypropylene, polyethylene, jute, cotton coir and other natural and synthetic fibres or materials and composition.
3. To carry on the business as manufacturers, importers, exporters, dealers' stockist, suppliers, whole-sellers, traders, retailers, buyers, sellers, merchants, distributors and concessionaires and job workers of laminated products namely of paper of cloth and fabrics of any substance and jute, ferrous and non-ferrous foils sheets and strips.
4. To facilitate and undertake secured destruction of Body Armor and in the said process to recover the core materials, recycle and reprocess the same for manufacturing



Siddharth

**[B] THE OBJECTS INCIDENTAL OR ANCILLARY TO THE ATTAINMENT OF
MAIN OBJECTS ARE:**

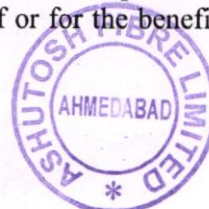
1. To purchase or otherwise acquire and hold on, invest, out of the surplus fund of the Company not immediately required, trade, deal in, mortgage, pledge, assign, sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of any goods, wares, merchandise and all movable property for carrying out business of the Company.
2. To purchase or otherwise acquire, assemble, Install, construct, alter, equip, repair, remodel, maintain, enlarge, operate, work, manage, control, hold, own, lease, rent, charter, mortgage, sell, convey or otherwise dispose of any buildings and structures, telephones and other communication facilities, data processing system and facilities, machinery, apparatus, instruments, fixtures and appliances in so far as the same may appertain to or be useful in the conduct of the business of the Company.
3. purchase, charter, hire, build or otherwise acquire any vehicles, vessels or craft of every description end to hold, own or work such vehicles, vessels or crafts for business of the Company.
4. To pay for any rights or property acquired by the Company, and to remunerate any person or company whether by cash payment or by allotment of shares, debentures or other securities of the company credited as paid up in full or in part of otherwise.
5. To apply for purchase or otherwise acquire and protect and renew in any part of the world any patent rights, brevets of reinvention, trademarks, designs, licenses, concessions and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited rights to their use, or any secret or other information as to any invention or research which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company or calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company and to use, exercise, develop, or grant licenses In respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, right, or information so acquired and to expend money in experimenting upon, testing or improving any such patents, inventions or rights and without prejudice to the generality of the above, any contracts, monopolies or concessions for or in relation to the supply and sale of any minerals, metals, products or other substances, materials, articles or things or for in relation to the construction, execution, carrying out, improvement, management, administration or control of any works and conveniences, required for the purpose of carrying out any of the aforesaid business and to undertake, execute, carry out, dispose of or otherwise turn to account such contracts, monopolies or concessions.
6. To acquire from any person, firm, institution or body corporate, whether in India or elsewhere technical information, know-how, process, engineering, manufacturing and operating data, plans, layout and blue prints useful for the design, erection, operation of plant and machinery required for any of the business of the company and to acquire any grant or license and other rights and benefits.
7. To enter into any arrangements with any Governments or any authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise that may seem beneficial to any of the Company's objects and to apply for, promote and obtain by any Act of any legislature, charter, rights, powers, privileges, concessions, grants, decrees, provisional orders, licenses or authorizations of Government -Central or State, or any relevant authorities (local or otherwise) or any private party for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect or for any purposes which may seem expedient and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated to prejudice the interests of the Company.
8. To undertake commercial obligations transactions and operations for achievement of the main objects of the Company.
9. To enter into arrangements with companies, firms and persons for promoting and increasing the manufacture, sale, purchase and maintenance of goods, articles or



Siddharth

commodities of all and every kind and descriptions, either by buying, selling or assisting such other companies, firms or persons to do all or any of such last mentioned acts transactions and things and in such manner as may be necessary or expedient and in connection with or for any of these purposes to enter into agreements, give guarantee or security or otherwise assist all or such purposes on such terms and In such manner as may be desirable.

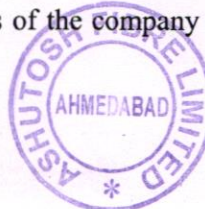
10. To advance out of the surplus fund of the Company not immediately required, securities and property with or without security as may be thought proper, to such persons, companies, corporations or firms and on such terms as may seem expedient and in particular to customers and others having dealings with the Company and to release or discharge any debt or obligation owing to the Company.
11. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 to receive money on loan and borrow any money in such manner and with or without allowance of Interest thereupon as the Company shall deem fit and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised, received or owing by mortgage, pledge, charge or lien upon all or any of the property or assets of the Company (both present and future) and also by similar mortgage, charge, pledge or lien to secure the guarantee the performance by the Company or any other person, Company, firm or body Corporate of any obligation undertaken by the Company or any other person, Company, firm or body corporate as the case may be and to give the lenders or creditors the powers of sale and other powers as may seem expedient, provided however, that the Company shall not do any banking business as defined in Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and money circulation business or Chit -Fund activities.
12. To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, negotiate, execute and issue bills of exchange, promissory notes, cheques, hundies, bills of lading, shipping documents, warrants, debentures and other negotiable or transferable instruments.
13. To guarantee the performance of any contract or Payment of Whey secured by or payable under or in respect of bonds, debentures, debenture stocks, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations and other securities of any Company or Of any authority, Central, State, Municipal, local or otherwise or of any person, whomsoever, whether incorporated or not and generally to transact all kinds of guarantee business and to further transact all kinds of trust and agency business for attainment of the objects of the Company.
14. To invest any money of the Company out of the surplus fund of the Company not immediately required, not for the time being required for any of the purposes of the Company in such manner as may be thought proper.
15. To improve, manage, develop, grant rights or privileges in respect of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
16. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 to mortgage pledge, hypothecate, sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part or parts of the undertaking of the Company or any land, business, property, rights or assets of any kind of the Company or any share or interest therein in such manner and for such consideration as the Company may think fit.
17. To establish, or concur in establishing or promoting any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the undertakings, business, rights, liberties and properties of the Company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or Indirectly calculated to benefit the Company and to place or guarantee the placing of, underwrite, subscribe for or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares, debentures, or other securities of any such other company or companies and to subsidies or otherwise assist any such company or companies either out of its own funds or out of funds that it might borrow by issue of debentures or from bankers or otherwise.
18. To vest any real or personal property, rights or interest acquired by or belonging to the company in any person or Company on behalf of or for the benefit of the company and



Siddharth

with or without any declared trust in favour of the Company.

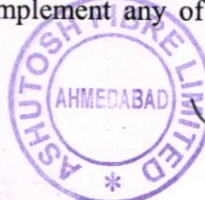
19. To take into consideration and to approve and confirm and/or carry out all acts, deeds or things that may be done or entered into with any person, firm or body corporate by the promoters of the Company and further to enter into any arrangement, agreement or contract with the promoters and to reimburse them for all costs and expenses that may be incurred by them in or in connection with the formation or promotion of the Company.
20. To pay out of the funds of the company all costs, charges, and expenses which the Company may lawfully pay with respect to the promotion, formation and registration of or for the business of the Company and/or the issue of its capital or which the Company shall consider to be necessary including therein the cost of advertising, printing and stationery and commission for obtaining the underwriting of shares, debentures or other securities of the Company and expenses attendant upon the formation of agencies, branches and local boards.
21. To purchase, takeover or otherwise acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business property, rights and liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any business which this Company is authorised to carry on, or possess any property or rights suitable for any of the purposes of the Company, or which can be carried on in conjunction therewith and to purchase, acquire, sell and deal in property.
22. To procure the incorporation registration or the recognition of the Company In any country, state or place.
23. To establish and regulate branches or agencies, whether by means of local boards or otherwise anywhere in India or elsewhere at any place or places throughout the world for the purpose of enabling the Company to carry on its business more efficiently and to discontinue and reconstitute any such branches or agencies.
24. To apply for membership or become a member of any Bullion Exchange, Commodities Exchange, Company, Chamber of Commerce, Association, Federation, Society of body Corporate having any objects similar or identical with those of the Company or likely to promote the interests of the Company.
25. In accordance with the law for the time being in force, to reserve or to distribute as bonus shares to the members or otherwise to apply as the Company deems fit any money received by way of premium on any shares, stocks or debenture -stock of the Company and money arising from the issue by the Company of forfeited shares.
26. To grant pension, allowances, gratuities, benefits, emoluments and bonuses and provident funds to employees, managers and directors of the Company and the widows, children and other dependents of such persons and to construct or contribute to the construction of houses, dwelling units or quarters for the employees of the Company and of other concerns which are or may have contractual relationship of rendering any services to the Company and to join with any other person, firm or company or doing any of these things.
27. To appoint attorneys for and on behalf of the company and to execute necessary powers in favour of the said attorneys to act for and in the name of and on behalf of the Company and to revoke all or any of such powers and appointments as may be deemed expedient.
28. To establish industrial estates, including setting up of housing colonies, recreation facilities, medical relief facilities, water and electricity plants, ancillary and/or auxiliary units required for furtherance of the business of the Company.
29. To help, assist, support, aid, establish, acquire or set up and run schools, colleges, training and professional institutions, hospitals, dispensaries, music and dance centers or other similar institutions for the welfare of the employees of the Company.
30. To give to any officers, servants or employees of the company any shares or interest in



Siddharth

the profits of the Company's business or any branch thereof, and whether carried on by means or through the agency of any subsidiary Company or not, and for that purpose to enter into any arrangement that the Company may think fit.

31. To train or pay for training in India or abroad of any of the Company's employees or any other person in the interest of or for furtherance of the Company's objects.
32. To establish and maintain or procure the establishment and maintenance of any contributory or noncontributory pension or superannuation funds for the benefit of, and give or procure the giving of donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances or emoluments to any person who are or were at any time in the employment or service of the Company, or who are or were at any time the Directors or Officers of the Company and wives, widows, families and dependents of any such persons, and also establish any subsidies and subscribe to any institutions, associations, clubs or funds calculated to the benefit of or to advance the interest and well-being of the Company or of any such other Company as aforesaid, and to do any of the matters aforesaid either done in conjunction with any such -other company.
33. To receive any gifts of immovable or movable property and offerings or voluntary donations or bequest and legacies either from the shareholders, directors or from any other person for all / or any of the objects of the Company Subject to the provision of applicable Act and rules thereon.
34. To support, donate, contribute, subscribe, advance or lend with or without interest or at concessional rate of interest or otherwise to assist or to guarantee moneys to any charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, educational, national, public or other institutions, trusts, clubs, societies, organisations or individuals or body of individuals on such terms and conditions as may seem expedient or for any exhibitions or towards the funds of any other Organisations subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013
35. To undertake and execute any trusts, the undertaking whereof may seem desirable and are gratuitous or otherwise.
36. To undertake, carry out, promote and sponsor rural development including any programme for promoting the social and economic welfare or of the upliftment of the public in any rural areas and to incur any expenditure on any programme of rural development and to assist in execution and promotion thereof either directly or through an independent agency or in any other manner. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing "programme of rural development" shall also Include any programme for promoting the social and economic welfare of or the uplift of the public, in any rural area to promote and assist rural development, or any other act relating to rural development for the time being in force and in order to implement any of the above mentioned objects or purposes transfer without any consideration or at a fair or concessional value and divest the ownership of any property of the company to or in favour of any Public or Local Body or Authority/ Central/ State Government/ Public Institution/ Trust/ Fund/ Organization/ Person.
37. To undertake, carry out, promote and sponsor or assist any activity for the promotion and growth of national economy and for discharging social and moral responsibilities of the Company to the public or any section of public as also any activity to promote national welfare or social, economic or moral uplift of the public or any section of the public and in such manner and by such means without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing to undertake, carry out, promote and sponsor any activity for publication of any books, literature or newspapers, organising lectures or seminars likely to advance these objects or for giving merit awards or for giving scholarships, loans, or any assistance to deserving students or other scholars or persons to enable them to prosecute their studies or academic pursuits or researches and for establishing conducting, or assisting any institutions, funds, trusts having any one of the aforesaid objects by giving donation or otherwise in any other manner and in order to implement any of the aforementioned



objects or purposes transfer without consideration or at a fair or concessional value and divest the ownership of any property of the company to or in favor of any Public or Local Body or Authority / Central or State Government / Public institution / Trust / Fund / Organization / Person.

38. Subject to provisions of Companies Act, 2013, to give donations and to advance and lend money to any person, institution, organization, trust fund for benevolent causes on such terms and conditions and with or without interest or at concessional rate of interest as may seem expedient.
39. To adopt such means of making known the business or products or interests of the Company as may seem expedient and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars on radio, television, video tapes and any such communication channels, by exhibition of works of art of interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes rewards and donations.
40. Subject to the provisions of the companies Act, 2013 to amalgamate, enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union or interest, co-operation, joint venture or reciprocal concession with any person, firm, corporation or company in India or outside carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction which the company is authorised or engaged in or which can be carried on in conjunction therewith or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the company and further to enter into any arrangement or contracts with any person, association or body corporate whether in India or outside, for such other purposes that may seem calculated beneficial and conducive to the objects of the Company.
41. To experiment and to incur expenses necessary for the purposes and with a view to improve the present method and process of working the business which the company is authorized to carry on and to carry or research for improving developing or effecting economy and greater efficiency in the business of the company or in the process of production, manufacture and working of or trading or dealing in the various substances, materials and articles and things or with any of the business for which the company is established.
42. To establish, maintain or subsidies and conduct, organise, sponsor and/or assist research in any field that may seem calculated to promote any of the business which the company is authorized to carry on.
43. To act as agents or brokers and as trustees for any person or company having similar objects and to undertake and perform subcontracts and to do all or any of the above things in any part of the world and as principals, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise and by or through agents, sub -contractors or trustees or otherwise and either alone or jointly with others.
44. To create any depreciation fund, reserve fund, insurance fund, sinking fund or any other special fund whether for depreciation or repairs, replacement, improvement, extension or maintenance of any of the properties of the Company by way of Investment Allowance Reserve or any other reserve or for redemption of debentures or redeemable preference shares or for any other purposes conducive to the interest of the Company.
45. To distribute, in the event of winding up in specific or otherwise as may be resolve, any property or assets of the Company or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any property or assets of the Company including the shares, debentures or other securities subject to the provisions of Companies Act. 2013,
46. Subject to provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, or any other enactment in force, to indemnify and keep indemnified officers, directors, agents and servants of the Company against proceedings, costs, damages, claims and demands in respect of anything done or ordered to be done by them for and in the interest of the Company and for any loss, damage or misfortune whatever which shall occur in execution of the duties of their office or in relation thereto.



Siddharth

47. To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money from any bank or any financial Institution or any other person or persons, NRI, NRO, Foreign Bankers and Institution for the purpose of the Company's main business in such manner and in such terms and with such rights power and privileges as the Company may think fit and particularly by issue or bonds, debentures, bill of exchange, promissory notes or other obligations or securities of the Company and with a view to hypothecate and/or in any way encumber or create charge of the undertaking and or any of the immovable or movable properties, present or future and all or any of the uncalled capital for the time being of the Company and to purchase, redeem or pay of any such securities.
48. To amalgamate with any company or companies having objects all together or in part similar to those of these company or any other company, subject to the provision of Companies Act, 2013.
49. To open branches in India and elsewhere and to get the company registered in any foreign country and adopt such means of making known to the public the business or the products of the Company as may seem expedient and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars and publication of books and periodicals.

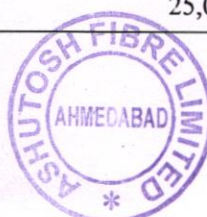
IV. The Liability of the members is limited.

- V. ^The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 25,00,00,000 (Rupees Twenty Five Crores Only) divided into 2,50,00,000 (Two Crores Fifty Lakhs Only) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- (Rupees ten only) each."

Note:

^The authorised share capital of the company of Rs.10,00,000/- at the time of incorporation was modified from time to time by passing requisite resolutions at the meeting of the members. The details of the modified Authorised capital since incorporation till date are stated below:

Date of General Meeting in which such modification was made	Total Authorised share capital increased from time to time
On incorporation	10,00,000
02.04.2010	1,15,00,000
16.04.2012	1,75,00,000
23.07.2025	25,00,00,000



Siddharth

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed hereto, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Name of Subscribers with signatures	Addresses, Descriptions and occupations of subscribers	Number of Equity shares taken by each subscriber	Signature of witness and their addresses, description and occupation
Khimraj Balar S/o. Ganeshmalji Balar Sd/-	2, Rita Park Soc., Shahibaug Ahmedabad - 380004. (Business)	1 (One) Equity Share	Witness to both the Subscribers Sd/- Jeetendra Mistry S/o. Chhaganlal Mistry G/5 Trupli Apartments, B/h. High Court, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad - 380009. Chartered Accountant
Jagdishchandra Agrawal S/o. Vasudev Agrawal Sd/-	2, Rita Park Soc., Shahibaug Ahmedabad - 380004. (Business)	1 (One) Equity Share	
	TOTAL	2 (Two) Equity Share	

Dated this 6th day of May, 1985

6



Siddharth

TABLE -F

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF ASHUTOSH FIBRE LIMITED A COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

The following regulations comprised in these Articles of Association were adopted pursuant to members' resolution passed at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 29th day, 2024 in substitution for, and to the entire exclusion of, the earlier regulations comprised in the extant Articles of Association of the Company.

I. INTERPRETATION

(1) In these regulations—

- (a) "the Act" means the Companies Act, 2013,
- (b) "the seal" means the common seal of the company.

(2) Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these regulations become binding on the company.

II. SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS

1. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the company shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from time to time think fit. That option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any person or persons without the sanction of the Company in General Meeting.
2.
 - i. Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled to receive within two months after incorporation, in case of subscribers to the memorandum or after allotment or within one month after the application for the registration of transfer or transmission or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall be provided
 - (a) one certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges or
 - (b) several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment of twenty rupees for each certificate after the first.
 - ii. Every certificate shall be under the seal and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon.



Siddharth

- iii. In respect of any share or shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.
- 3.
- i. If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the company and on execution of such indemnity as the company deem adequate, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued on payment of twenty rupees for each certificate.
 - ii. The provisions of Articles (2) and (3) shall mutatis mutandis apply to debentures of the company.
4. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and the company shall not be bound by, or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these regulations or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.
- 5.
- i. The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by sub-section (6) of section 40, provided that the rate per cent or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by that section and rule made thereunder.
 - ii. The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in rules made under sub-section (6) of section 40.
 - iii. The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.
- 6.
- i. If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of section 48, and whether or not the company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class.
 - ii. To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these regulations relating general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be at least two persons holding at least one-third of the issued shares of the class in question.
7. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of



Siddharth

the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further share ranking pari passu therewith.

8. Subject to the provisions of section 55, any preference shares may, with the sanction of an ordinary resolution, be issued on the terms that they are to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the company before the issue of the shares may, by special resolution, determine.

NEW CAPITAL SAME AS ORIGINAL CAPITAL

9. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these Articles any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the initial capital and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payment of calls and installments; transfer and transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, voting and otherwise.

FURTHER ISSUE OF SHARES

10.
 - (1) Where at any time the company proposes to increase its subscribed capital by the issue of further shares, such shares shall be offered -
 - (a) to persons who at the date of the offer are holders of equity shares of the company in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit to the paid-up share capital on those shares by sending a letter of offer subject to the following conditions, namely:
 - (i) the offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less than fifteen days and not exceeding thirty days from the date of the offer within which the offer, if not accepted, shall be deemed to have been declined;
 - (ii) unless the articles of the company otherwise provide, the offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person; and the notice referred to in clause (i) shall contain a statement of this right;
 - (iii) after the expiry of the time specified in the notice aforesaid, or on receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board of Directors may dispose of them in such manner which is not disadvantageous to the shareholders and the company;
 - (b) to employees under a scheme of employees' stock option, subject to special resolution passed by company and subject to such conditions as may be determined by central government; or
 - (c) to any persons, if it is authorized by a special resolution, whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) or clause (b), either for cash or for a consideration other than cash, if the price of such shares is determined by the



Siddharth 104

valuation report of a registered valuer subject to such conditions as may be determined by central government.

- (2) The notice referred to in sub-clause (i) of clause (1) (a) shall be dispatched through registered post or speed post or through electronic mode to all the existing shareholders at least three days before the opening of the issue.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall apply to the increase of the subscribed capital of a company caused by the exercise of an option as a term attached to the debentures issued or loan raised by the company to convert such debentures or loans into shares in the company.

The terms of issue of such debentures or loan containing such an option have been approved before the issue of such debentures or the raising of loan by a special resolution passed by the company in general meeting.

- (4) The rights conferred upon the holders of shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights, not unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of the issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.

SWEAT EQUITY

11. Subject to the provisions of the Act (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), shares of the Company may be issued at a discount or for consideration other than cash to Directors or employees who provide know-how to the Company or create an intellectual property right or other value addition.

POWER OF COMPANY TO DEMATERIALIZE AND REMATERIALIZE

12. Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, the Company shall be entitled to dematerialize its existing shares, debentures and other securities and rematerialize its such shares, debentures and other securities held by it with the Depository and/ or offer its fresh shares and debentures and other securities in a dematerialized form pursuant to the Depositories Act, 1996 and the Rules framed there under if any.

DEMATERIALIZATION OF SECURITIES

13. Either on the Company or on the investor exercising an option to hold his securities with a depository in a dematerialized form, the Company shall enter into an agreement with the depository to enable the investor to dematerialize the Securities, in which event the rights and obligations of the parties concerned shall be governed by the Depositories Act.



Siddharth

14.

LIEN

15. (i) The company shall have a first and paramount lien—

- a) on every share (not being a fully paid share), for all monies (whether presently payable or not) called, or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that share; and
- b) on all shares (not being fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single person, for all monies presently payable by him or his estate to the company:

Provided that the Board of directors may at any time declare any share to wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this clause.

(ii) The company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividend payable and bonuses declared from time to time in respect of such shares.

(iii) Every fully paid share shall be free from all lien and that in the case of partly paid shares the Issuer's lien shall be restricted to moneys called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares.

16. The company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the company has a lien:

Provided that no sale shall be made—

- a) unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or
- b) until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency.

17.

- i. To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.
- ii. The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.
- iii. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

18.

- i. The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable.
- ii. The residue, if any, shall, subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.



CALLS ON SHARES

19. (i) The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times:

Provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call

(ii) Each member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment, pay to the company, at the time or times and place so specified, the amount called on his shares.

(iii) A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.

20. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising the call was passed and may be required to be paid by instalments.

21. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

22.

(i) If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at ten per cent. per annum or at such lower rate, if any, as the Board may determine.

(ii) The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.

23.

(i) Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these regulations, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue such sum becomes payable.

(ii) In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these regulations as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

24. The Board—

(i) may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him; and

(ii) upon all or any of the monies so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding, unless the company in general meeting shall otherwise direct, twelve per cent. per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Board and the member paying the sum in advance.



Siddharth

TRANSFER OF SHARES

25.

- (i) The instrument of transfer of any share in the company shall be executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee.
- (ii) The instrument of transfer shall be in writing and all the provisions of Section 56 of the Act and of any statutory modification thereof for the time being shall be duly complied with in respect of all transfers of shares and registration thereof. The Company shall use a common form for transfer
- (iii) The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.

26. The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by section 58 decline to register—

- (a) the transfer of a share, not being a fully paid share, to a person of whom they do not approve; or
- (b) any transfer of shares on which the company has a lien.

27. The Board may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless—

- (a) the instrument of transfer is in the form as prescribed in rules made under subsection (1) of section 56;
- (b) the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and
- (c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.
Provided that the registration of a transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the issuer on any accounts whatsoever.

28. On giving not less than seven days' previous notice in accordance with section 91 and rules made thereunder, the registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine. Provided that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days at any one time or for more than forty-five days in the aggregate in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

29.

- (i) On the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or legal representatives where he was a shareholder, shall be the only persons recognized by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares.
- (ii) Nothing in clause (i) shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.



Siddha D. W.

30.

- (i) Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either—
 - (a) to be registered himself as holder of the share; or
 - (b) to make such transfer of the share as the deceased or insolvent member could have made.
- (ii) The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.

31.

- (i) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver or send to the company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.
- (ii) If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the share.
- (iii) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.

32. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company:

Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have complied with.

FORFEITURE OF SHARE

- 33. (i) If a member fails to pay any call, or installment of a call, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or installment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or installment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued.
- (ii) There shall be no forfeiture of unclaimed dividends before the claim becomes barred by law:

34. The notice aforesaid shall—



Siddharth

- (a) name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and
- (b) state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.

35. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

36.

- (i) A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit.
- (ii) At any time before a sale or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit.

37.

- (i) A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay to the company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the company in respect of the shares.
- (ii) The liability of such person shall cease if and when the company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares.

38.

- (i) A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a director, the manager or the secretary, of the company, and that a share in the company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share;
- (ii) The company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of;
- (iii) The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share; and
- (iv) The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.

39. The provisions of these regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of nonpayment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

40. The company may, from time to time, by increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as may be specified in the resolution and as per the companies Act, 2013.

41. Subject to the provisions of section 61, the company may, by ordinary resolution, —



Siddharth

- (a) Consolidate, Sub-division, split and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
- (b) convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination;
- (c) sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum;
- (d) Cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.

42. Where shares are converted into stock, —

- (a) the holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as, and subject to the same regulations under which, the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit:
Provided that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so, however, that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.
- (b) the holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.
- (c) such of the regulations of the company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words "share" and "shareholder" in those regulations shall include "stock" and "stock-holder" respectively.

43. The company may, by special resolution, reduce in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorised and consent required by law, —

- (a) its share capital;
- (b) any capital redemption reserve account; or
- (c) any share premium account.

CAPITALIZATION OF PROFIT

44. The company in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve—

- a) that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and
- b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (ii) amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions.
- (ii) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provision contained in clause (iii), either in or towards—



- (a) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;
- (b) paying up in full, unissued shares of the company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid-up, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid;
- (c) partly in the way specified in sub-clause (A) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (B);
- (d) A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purposes of this regulation, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the company as fully paid bonus shares;
- (e) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the company in pursuance of this regulation.

45. Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall—

- (a) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares if any; and
 - (b) Generally, do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.
- (ii) The Board shall have power—
- (a) to make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions; and
 - (b) to authorise any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or as the case may require, for the payment by the company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amount or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares;
- (iii) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on such members.

BUY-BACK OF SHARES

46. Notwithstanding anything contained in these articles but subject to the provisions of sections 68 to 70 and any other applicable provision of the Act or any other law for the time being in force, the company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities.

GENERAL MEETING

47. All general meetings other than annual general meeting shall be called extraordinary general meeting.

48.

- (i) The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an extraordinary general meeting.



Siddha

- (ii) If at any time directors capable of acting who are sufficient in number to form a quorum are not within India, any director or any two members of the company may call an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which such a meeting may be called by the Board.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

49.

- (i) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business.
(ii) Save as otherwise provided herein, the quorum for the general meetings shall be as provided in section 103.

50. The chairperson, if any, of the Board shall preside as Chairperson at every general meeting of the company.

51. If there is no such Chairperson, or if he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or is unwilling to act as chairperson of the meeting, the directors present shall elect one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

52. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as Chairperson or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

ADJOURNMENT OF MEETINGS

53.

- (i) The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so, directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.
(ii) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
(iii) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.
(iv) Save as aforesaid, and as provided in section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

VOTING RIGHTS

54. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, —

- (a) on a show of hands, every member present in person shall have one vote; and
(b) on a poll, the voting rights of members shall be in proportion to his share in the paid-up equity share capital of the company.

55. A member may exercise his vote at a meeting by electronic means in accordance with section 108 and shall vote only once.



Siddha 114

56.

- (i) In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.
- (ii) For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.

57. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.

58. Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with, pending the taking of the poll.

59. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the company have been paid.

60. (i) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes.

(ii) Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairperson of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

PROXY

61. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarised copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

62. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the rules made under section 105.

63. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the shares in respect of which the proxy is given:

Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the company at its office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.



Siddharth 104

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

64. The number of the directors and the names of the first directors shall be determined in writing by the subscribers of the memorandum or a majority of them.

The following shall be the first directors of the company and shall hold the office unless they resign or otherwise

1. Sanjay Birjkishor Agarwal
2. Khimrajji Ganeshmal Balar
2. Ushadevi Jadishchadra Agarwal

65.

- (i) The remuneration of the directors shall, in so far as it consists of a monthly payment, be deemed to accrue from day-to-day.
- (ii) In addition to the remuneration payable to them in pursuance of the Act, the directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them—
 - a) in attending and returning from meetings of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof or general meetings of the company; or
 - b) in connection with the business of the company.

66. The Board may pay all expenses incurred in getting up and registering the company.

67. The company may exercise the powers conferred on it by section 88 with regard to the keeping of a foreign register; and the Board may (subject to the provisions of that (section) make and vary such regulations as it may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register.

68. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, hundis, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for monies paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by such person and in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.

69. Every director present at any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof shall sign his name in a book to be kept for that purpose.

70.

- (i) Subject to the provisions of section 149, the Board shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint a person as an additional director, provided the number of the directors and additional directors together shall not at any time exceed the maximum strength fixed for the Board by the articles.
- (ii) Such person shall hold office only up to the date of the next annual general meeting of the company but shall be eligible for appointment by the company as a director at that meeting subject to the provisions of the Act.



Siddharth CD

NOMINEE DIRECTORS AND CASUAL VACANCY OF DIRECTORS

71.

- (I) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these Articles, so long as any moneys shall be owing by the Company to the any financial institutions, corporations, banks or such other financing entities, or so long as any of the aforesaid banks, financial institutions or such other financing entities hold any shares/debentures in the Company as a result of subscription or so long as any guarantee given by any of the aforesaid financial institutions or such other financing entities in respect of any financial obligation or commitment of the Company remains outstanding, then in that event any of the said financial institutions or such other financing entities shall, subject to an agreement in that behalf between it and the Company, have a right but not an obligation, to appoint one or more persons as Director(s) on the Board of Director as their nominee on the Board of Company. The aforesaid financial institutions or such other financing entities may at any time and from time to time remove the Nominee Director appointed by it and may in the event of such removal and also in case of the Nominee Director ceasing to hold office for any reason whatsoever including resignation or death, appoint other or others to fill up the vacancy. Such appointment or removal shall be made in writing by the relevant corporation and shall be delivered to the Company and the Company shall have no power to remove the Nominee Director from office. Each such Nominee Director shall be entitled to attend all General Meetings, Board Meetings and meetings of the Committee of which he is a member and he and the financial institutions or such other financing entities appointing him shall also be entitled to receive notice of all such meetings.
- (II) If the office of any director appointed by the company in general meeting is vacated before his term of office expires in the normal course, the resulting casual vacancy may, in default of and subject to any regulations in the articles of the company, be filled by the Board of Directors at a meeting of the Board:

Provided that any person so appointed shall hold office only up to the date up to which the director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated.

A Director need not hold any qualification shares.

Board May Appoint Chairman, Co-Chairman and Vice Chairman

- 72.** The Board may elect a Chairman, a Co-Chairman and a Vice Chairman of their Meetings and of the Company and determine the period for which he is to hold office. The Chairman or in his absence the Co- Chairman or the Vice Chairman shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting, whether Annual or Extraordinary, or if there be no such Chairman or Co-Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors, or if at any Meeting neither of these shall be present within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for holding such Meeting, the Directors present may choose one of their



Siddharth

members to be the Chairman of the Meeting of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, but if no such Chairman is elected or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present within ten minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Directors present may choose one of their members to be the Chairman of the Meeting

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD

73.

- (i) The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings, as it thinks fit.
- (ii) A director may, and the manager or secretary on the requisition of a director shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.

74.

- (i) Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes.
- (ii) In case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of the Board, if any, shall have a second or casting vote.

75. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board; but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by the Act for a meeting of the Board, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that fixed for the quorum, or of summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.

76.

- (i) The Board may elect a chairperson of its meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office.
- (ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the directors present may choose one of their number to be Chairperson of the meeting.

77.

- (i) The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, delegate any of its powers to committees consisting of such member or members of its body as it thinks fit.
- (ii) Any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Board.

78.

- (i) A committee may elect a chairperson of its meetings.
- (ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present may choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

79.

- (i) A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit.
- (ii) Questions arising at any meeting of a committee shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote.



Siddha 114

80. All acts done in any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof or by any person acting as a director, shall, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any one or more of such directors or of any person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such director or such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.
81. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a resolution in writing, signed by all the members of the Board or of a committee thereof, for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board or committee, shall be valid and effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or committee, duly convened and held.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

82. The following powers shall be exercised by the Board or any Committee of the Board, or otherwise by the Company as may be so required:

- a) To make calls on shareholders in respect of moneys unpaid on shares held by them.
- b) To increase or reduce the Company's capital.
- c) Consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of a larger amount than its existing shares
- d) convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination
- e) cancel shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution in that behalf, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled
- f) To issue and allot new shares.
- g) To make any Rights Issue of shares.
- h) To adopt any resolution to alter the Memorandum and Articles of Association.
- i) To invest or to join any company to invest in any other company.
- j) To Issue Debentures.
- k) To undertake or permit any merger, consolidation or reorganisation of the Company.
- l) To decide on the declaration of dividends and appropriation of profits according to provisions of Section 51 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- m) Subject to the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act 2013, to give to make any loan to any person or other body corporate or give guarantee or provide security in connection with a loan made by any other person to or to any other person by anybody corporate.

83. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Board of Directors who may pay all such expenses preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company as they think fit and may exercise all such power of the Company and do on behalf of the Company all such acts as may be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting and are not barred by statute or by these Articles and are required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject nevertheless to any regulations of the Articles, to the provisions of the statute and to such regulations not being inconsistent with aforesaid regulations or



Siddharth 10/4

provisions as may be prescribed by the Company in general meeting but no regulation made by the Company general meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such regulations had not been made.

BORROWING POWERS

84. Subject to section 73-76A and 179 of the Companies Act 2013, and Regulations made thereunder and Directions issued by the RBI the directors may, from time to time, raise or borrow any sums of money for and on behalf of the Company from the member companies or banks or they may themselves advance money to the company on such interest or no interest as may be approved by the Directors, without security or on security.
85. The Directors may, from time to time, secure the payment of such money in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as they deem fit and in particular by the issue of bonds or debentures or by pledge, mortgage, charge or any other security on all or any properties of the Company (both present and future) including its uncalled capital for the time being.
86. Any debenture, bonds, or other securities may be issued at premium or otherwise and with special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawing and allotment of shares of the Company and otherwise.

OPERATION OF BANK ACCOUNTS

87. The Directors shall have the power to open bank accounts, to sign cheques on behalf of the Company and to operate all banking accounts of the Company and to receive payments, make endorsements, draw and accept negotiable instruments, hundis and bills or may authorise any other person or persons to exercise such powers.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, MANAGER, COMPANY SECRETARY OR CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

88. Subject to the provisions of the Act, —
- (i) A chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board;
 - (ii) A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.
 - (iii) An individual may be appointed or re-appointed as the chairperson of the company, as well as the managing director or chief executive officer of the company at the same time



Siddharth

89. A provision of the Act or these regulations requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a director and chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.

THE SEAL

90. The requirement of the common seal of the company is not applicable as per the section 9 of the companies Act, 2013.

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVE

91. The company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.
92. Subject to the provisions of section 123, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the company.
93. That any amount paid up in advance of calls on any share may carry interest but shall not in respect thereof confer a right to dividend or to participate in profits.
- 94.
- (i) The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalizing dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the company) as the Board may, from time to time, think fit.
 - (ii) The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.
- 95.
- (i) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.
 - (ii) No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this regulation as paid on the share.
 - (iii) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.



Siddharth

96. The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the company.
- 97.
- (i) Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares maybe paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the register of members, or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct.
 - (ii) Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.
98. Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of such share.
99. Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the persons entitled to share therein in the manner mentioned in the Act.
100. No dividend shall bear interest against the company.

ACCOUNTS & AUDIT

101.

- (ii) The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of members not being directors.
- (iii) No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board or by the company in general meeting.

APPOINTMENT OF ATTORNEY/AGENT OF THE COMPANY

102.

- i. The Board from time to time to provide for the management transaction of the affairs of the Company outside the Registered Office or in any specified locality in India or outside India, in such manner as they think fit and in particular to appoint any person to be the Attorneys or agents of the Company with such powers, authorities and discretions (including power to sub- delegate) but not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors, and also not the power to make calls or issue debentures and for such period, and upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and at any time to remove any person so appointed or withdraw or vary any such powers as may be thought fit.
- ii. Subject to and in terms of Section 179 of the Companies Act, 2013 to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in the Directors, subject to the ultimate control and authority being retained by them.



Siddharth

WINDING UP

103. Subject to the provisions of Chapter XX of the Act and rules made thereunder—

- (i) If the company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.
- (ii) For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.
- (iii) The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

INDEMNITY

104. Every officer of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in which relief is granted to him by the court or the Tribunal.



Siddharth (11/11/17)